			9 Janua	ary 1955	
5X1 [Copy N	79 To. 79	25
OS REVIE	EW ED				20
				,	
		CURRENT INTEL	LIGENCE BULLETIN		
-		DOCUMENT NO	TS S C 2010		
		DATE: 7/1/80 RE	JIEWER: _		2:
		-			
		Office of Cur	rent Intelligence		
_		CENTRAL INTE	LIGENCE AGENCY		2

GENERAL

	•
1.	Pakistan's prime minister wants large anti-Communist turn-out
	at Asian-African conference:
ı	
	Pakistan's prime minister Mohammad Ali
25X1A	is eager to have all the invited anti-
	Communist nations attend the proposed
	Asian-African conference because it is
	the first opportunity to show that Asian nations are not dominated by Indian neutralism or by fear of the Communist bloc. He told
	Ambassador Hildreth on 7 January that if all the anti-Communist
	nations attend, they can "clobber" Chou En-lai and "any neutral
	efforts of Nehru."
	The ambassador believes that Mohammad
	Ali's abilities may not equal his spirit.
	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
	Comment: At the preparatory conference
	held by the inviting powers at Bogor last month, the Pakistani dele-
	gation headed by Mohammad Ali had no positive program to present.
	The Indian delegation, on the other hand, was able to get 13 of its 17 prepared points accepted.
	1. Propared points accepted.
25X1	
23 / I	SOUTHEAST ASIA

9 Jan 55

CURRENT INTELLIGENCE BULLETIN

25X1A
Approved For Release 2003/10/15 : CIA-RDP79T00975 A001800600001-5

25)	^{X1} [
	3.	Viet Minh agrees to withdraw truce officials from southern Laos:
(1A	**	The Viet Minh, faced with the combined pressure of the Laotians, the French, and the International Control Commission, agreed on 6 January to withdraw its truce officials from southern Laos on 7 and 8 January. The decision was finally made at the insistence of the royal government of Laos, which has taken the position that the presence of Viet Minh truce officials in Laos no longer has any justification under the terms of the Geneva agreement. Comment: The Viet Minh will probably offer much stronger resistance to withdrawal of its truce officials from the northwestern provinces, which are partly under the control of the Viet Minh-backed Pathet Lao.
5X1		

Approved For Relea 252003/10/15 : CIA-RDP79T00975A001800600001-5

25X1

25X1A

9 Jan 55

CURRENT INTELLIGENCE BULLETIN

Moscow after ratification of the Paris accords and offer not to put into effect the military clauses of the treaty pending some settlement of the question of German reunification. Blankenhorn said that Chancellor Adenauer "quickly rejected" Soutou's proposal. He doubts that Mendes-France will bring up the matter again in the 14 January meeting with Adenauer.

Comment: Blankenhorn in the past has not always been a reliable reporter of French-German negotiations.

Soutou has seemed obsessed recently by the idea that definite assurances of further four-power negotiations on German and European security problems are necessary to guarantee a favorable vote on the Paris accords in the Council of the Republic. He has admitted, however, that Mendes-France has "no illusions whatever" about obtaining anything from the Russians at a possible four-power meeting early next summer except in the unlikely event of a change in the basic Soviet position on Germany.

It is hardly likely that the government would have underestimated the reaction of Chancellor Adenauer to such a proposal. Even if Bonn agreed to such a plan, its necessarily secret character and the time element would make its political exploitation in France difficult.

8. French minister for Associated States favors return of Bao Dai to Vietnam:

25X1A

Minister for Associated States Guy
La Chambre told Ambassador Dillon in
Paris that he is convinced that the immediate return of Bao Dai is the only work-

able solution for South Vietnam. He said the French were thinking in terms of Tran Van Huu as premier and Nguyen Van Tam as interior minister.

La Chambre pointed to evidence of a lack of enthusiasm among the Viet Minh rank and file for the Communist pattern now unfolding in the north and argued the urgency of getting a "strong, effective" government in the south to demonstrate that life under a non-Communist regime is better.

9 Jan 55

CURRENT INTELLIGENCE BULLETIN

Approved Par Release 2003/10/15 : CIA-RDP79T00975A001800600001-5

Comment: La Chambre's apparent design is to get a government in the south that can come to terms with the Viet Minh.

Tran Van Huu met with Viet Minh officials at Geneva last year with a view to establishing a coalition government.

25X1D

Last September French officials agreed that Tam was unacceptable as a candidate for high office because of his close identification with the French. Neither he nor Huu commands any popular support and Bao Dai's prestige in Vietnam is at an all-time low.

LATIN AMERICA

9. Comment on Costa Rican appeal to Organization of American States:

25X1A

The 8 January Costa Rican appeal for emergency action by the Organization of American States (OAS) to prevent aggression by Nicaragua springs from the recent intensification of Nicaragua and Venezuela's nine-monthold 'war of nerves' against the Figueres administration in Costa Rica. The Council of the OAS, which meets on 10 January to consider the appeal, is likely to refer the

affair to an investigative body.

Last April the Council refused a Costa Rican request to investigate the dispute with Nicaragua until normal diplomatic means had been exhausted, but Costa Rica has since made important concessions in an attempt to settle the dispute. Nicaragua, however, has rebuffed them, and in mid-December Nicaraguan president Somoza told a Costa Rican emissary that he would never enter into a rapprochement with Figueres.

9 Jan 55

CURRENT INTELLIGENCE BULLETIN

Page 8

Approved For Releas 2003/10/15 : CIA-RDP79T00975A001800600001-5

25X1

25Approved Release 2003/10/15 : CIA-RDP79T00976A001800600001-5

The Nicaraguan and Venezuelan govern-
ments are unlikely to resort to overt aggression against Costa
Rica. They are probably giving clandestine assistance to Costa
Rican revolutionary groups, however, and any move against
Figueres will probably be made to appear a purely domestic up-
rising.
The incident apparently prompting Costa
Rica's appeal to the OAS was an unannounced flight of seven Venezuelan
C-47's to Nicaragua on 6 January. These planes may have carried
arms for Costa Rican revolutionaries there. The Venezuelan foreign
minister was extremely evasive about the planes in discussing the
minister was extremely evasive about the planes in discussing the situation with Ambassador Warren on 8 January, and remarked that

25X1A

9 Jan 55

CURRENT INTELLIGENCE BULLETIN